

RUSSIA SAYS PEACE.

The Showing of His Hand Forces Germany Out of the Game.

SUDDEN CHANGE OF SITUATION.

Orders Telegraphed to Edhem Pasha to Cease Hostilities.

DIRECT APPEAL TO THE SULTAN.

It is Made by the Czar, and Proves Effective.

AN ARMISTICE TO BE ARRANGED.

Peace Negotiations Then to Be Undertaken in Real Earnest, and Greece Probably to Be Spared Further Humiliation.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 18.—There was a sudden and unexpected change in the political situation shortly before noon today. Russia quietly showed her hand, and thereby forced Germany and Turkey out of the game, to all intents and purposes.

Last night and early this morning, Turkey, supported by Germany, was practically defying Russia, France, Austria, Great Britain, and Italy, in insisting upon the annexation of Thessaly in addition to a huge war indemnity, and seemingly was determined to march upon Athens.

The ministers received official advice from Sofia today, announcing that the mobilization of the Bulgarian army, possibly at the instigation of Russia, there was a hurried cessation of the mobilization. The war party was further deflated, but in the end pacific counsels seem to have prevailed, for at 11:35 A. M. orders were telegraphed to Edhem Pasha, the Turkish commander-in-chief in Thessaly, to cease hostilities.

The peace negotiations will now be undertaken in real earnest, and the Greeks will no doubt be spared any further humiliation.

DIRECT APPEAL.

It transpires that the Czar made a direct appeal to the Sultan to order his troops to cease hostilities and to arrange an armistice, and this, coupled with the fact that the most serious results would have ensued if Turkey had persisted in her defiant attitude, brought about the present state of affairs.

Tewfik Pasha, the Turkish Minister for Foreign Affairs, called upon the dean of the diplomatic corps this afternoon to convey to the foreign ministers the Sultan's decision to arrange an armistice.

It is now believed that the terms of peace will be negotiated directly between Turkey and Greece.

ORDERS TO CEASE FIRING.

ATHENS, May 18, 10 P. M.—Orders have been sent to the Greek commander in Epirus to cease firing, pending an armistice.

A dispatch from Arta says the Greeks have retired from there in good order. A telegram received from Lania reports that a panic prevails there, and that many of the inhabitants are leaving.

GREEK DEFEAT DECISIVE.

LONDON, May 18.—A M.—London is still without accounts of the battle at Domokos from the Turkish side, but it is evident that the Greeks were completely and decisively defeated. An Italian officer with the Greeks puts their killed and wounded at 2,000, but probably this is much exaggerated, as the Greek position was well protected, and the retreat began as soon as these became untenable.

It is believed that Edhem Pasha will insist upon the surrender to him of the passes over the Othris range before he consents to a small force of Turkish cavalry, following the retreating Greeks at a distance of 2,000 yards. The Turks have not attempted to attack the Greek rear guard. The war is virtually ended.

CONSTANTINE LEAD RETREAT.

The Crown Prince headed the retreat, and his headquarters are now established close to Deventourka Pass, a very narrow gorge through the Othris range, about twelve miles from Lania. The greatest depression exists at Athens. The complete collapse of the high hopes raised by the optimistic dispatches of Constantinople, but as yet there are no disorders. While the battle was in progress the government continued to endeavor to hold its position and number of casualties, but Constantinople sent only evasive replies. Very feeble were the shouts raised when additional troops started yesterday for the front. The Athenians are completely disheartened.

THE RETREAT IN EPIRUS.

LONDON, May 18.—The correspondent of the Daily News at Paris, describing the latest retreat in Epirus, with especial reference to the experiences of the Botsaris column at Preveza, says: "One commander committed the mistake of informing his weary, hungry, and rain-soaked troops that they were retreating quickly, and began to shell the group of waters, whose position became most distressing. Many of them were drowned, either falling wounded or stumbling out of their depth. This condition of the force when it finally reached a place of safety was in the last degree lamentable. The total loss of the Botsaris army during the three days' fighting was 600 killed and 1,000 wounded or missing, many of the latter of whom must be accounted dead."

THE RETREAT IN THE TUE.

ATHENS, May 18.—A M.—The communication from the Turks to the Greek commander at Arta which followed the raising of the flag of truce by the former was in Turkish, and ran as follows: "On condition that no Greek soldier belonging to any arm of the service remains on territory of the Ottoman empire, we have orders that an armistice shall be concluded on sea and land, with a view to arriving at an understanding and discussing the conditions of an armistice."

The Greek commander telegraphed to Athens for instructions, and the government replied: "We authorize you to suspend hostilities in order to discuss the conditions of an armistice."

The government, in notifying the envoys of the Powers, said that no Greek had intruded into hostilities to the Powers.

CUBA IN THE SENATE.

CROWDED GALLERIES HEAR REMARKS BY MASON AND HOAR.

"POLITE DELAYS" OF UPPER HOUSE.

SPEECHES, ON THE OTHER HAND, "MERELY FOR RUNCOMBE."

RICHMOND COLLEGE BILL PASSED.

Other Measures That Are Forwarded on the Way to Being Made Laws.

Gallinger and Hawley Also Speak on Cuban Resolution.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—Cuba again occupied the foreground in the Senate today. It drew large crowds to the galleries, and two notable speeches were made—one by Mr. Mason, of Illinois, in favor of the Morgan resolution, and the other by Mr. Hoar, of Massachusetts, in opposition to it.

The Illinois senator pictured in fervid terms the distress in Cuba, dwelling particularly on the starving condition of 80 United States citizens, as reported by the President, and called upon the Senate to throw off its lethargy and pass the Morgan resolution. Mr. Mason had several sharp tilts with Mr. Wellington, of Maryland, the latter protesting that he was being misrepresented. It led to considerable commotion in the galleries, during which Mr. Wellington declared that he could not be choked off by the rudeness of the galleries.

Mr. Hoar spoke in his usual, calm, and dignified style, and took occasion to deliver a stinging rebuke to constituents, and bragadoos as to our national strength. Mr. Hoar's criticisms, although impersonal, were clearly aimed at Mr. Mason. Senators Gallinger, of New Hampshire, and Hawley, of Connecticut, also spoke in the forenoon for the resolution, and the latter urging that the United States should not rush into war while our coast-lines are manifestly in a defenseless condition. A recess was then taken, and Mr. Burrows secured the floor for a speech to-morrow.

Mr. Stewart, of Nevada, gave notice of an amendment which he would offer to the tariff bill. It provides that there shall be at all times a reserve fund in the Treasury of \$20,000,000.

RICHMOND COLLEGE BILL PASSED.

During the day a number of bills were passed, among them one appropriating \$25,000 to Richmond College, Richmond, Va., for war losses. The conference report on the Indian Appropriation bill was presented and agreed to.

The presiding officer named Mr. Pasco, of Florida, as one of the Board of Visitors to West Point, vice Senator Wallbridge.

Promptly at 2 o'clock the presiding officer laid the Morgan Cuban resolution before the Senate, and Mr. Mason, of Illinois, was recognized. The Senator began by referring to the "polite delays" of the Senate, which had taken the place of the "old game of filibuster." On one pretence or another, he said, the opposition had delayed action day after day. After day after day the American people had awaited that action; had expected that at last the barbarism of the Spanish race would be put to rest, and the American people would be free.

The Senator declared it was time to put aside the diplomatic subterfuge that language was to be used to conceal thought; it was time to act, to carry out the platform of the Republican party, and to speak here and now in behalf of Cuba.

"THAT SPLENDID GENTLEMAN," Mr. Mason referred to that splendid gentleman, the President of the United States, and to the President's Cuban message yesterday, in proof of the serious conditions prevailing in Cuba. In sarcastic tones the Senator said that with the statement of the President, which he said was a resolution, in substance saying: "Please, kind Mr. Spaulding, let us bring home our Americans, and protect them under our flag." And yet the President is in Cuba.

"If 80 American citizens are being driven like swine," exclaimed Mr. Mason, "compelling us to send from our shores to protect them; in the name of God, if it is not war, what is it? Let us give notice to give notice that Coxey's army had moved to the island of Cuba, and that 80 members of that army are tramped? Would the Senate delay while 80 Americans are suffering because of the delay?"

The Senator's remarks were punctuated with applause, but up to this time there was no vociferous demonstration.

COMPLIMENTS TO WELLINGTON.

Mr. Mason turned his attention to the remarks favorable to England, made by Mr. Wellington, of Maryland, yesterday. "Yes, we owe her (England) a good deal," declared Mr. Mason, "but we settled a good part of it at Bunker Hill." The Senator read newspaper extracts showing the condition of affairs in Cuba.

"Is that the kind of information," interjected Mr. Wellington, "the United States Senate is to have as a basis for a resolution?"

Mr. Mason replied that the Senate must act on its best information, and when the Spaniards sell his daughter, murder his boy, and conceal the facts, the people must rely upon American correspondents to get the facts. The Senator paid a glowing tribute to those correspondents, some of whom had risked and given up their lives to present the facts to the American people. He referred to the death of Correspondent Crook, who fell on the field during an engagement.

"And yet," suggested Mr. Gallinger, ironically, "there is no war in Cuba. Proceeding, Mr. Mason said, when you get at the deep undertone of the conscience of the Christian people of this country, they say let us have freedom in Cuba. Let the Spaniards go back to their own land, and let us have Cuba for our own. You can have Cuba as long as you like; you may define 'Cuba' as long as you please. Patrick Henry was a jingoist, according to the definition of the gentlemen who are trying to keep the Spaniards in Cuba. Every man who would rather fight than buy peace at the dishonor of his wife or his child has been called a jingoist for days of the early republics until now. I am for the liberty, for the independence of Cuba, on a better and broader ground. I propose better environment, not for trade or commerce, not for the extension of territory; and that is the difference between the ordinary English law-maker and ourselves."

NO NATION WOULD INVADE US. At another point Mr. Mason exclaimed: "President, if we did not have a ship in the world, and every gun was melted into a plowshare; if every bayonet were buried; if every ship were sunk; if every man were killed; if every nation in the world, which less Spain, that would ever dare strike our colors or invade American soil."

Mr. Mason's closing words were as follows: "Mr. President, there are two facts; but if I keep our promises with Cuba and protect her means war, let it come. If to protect against the butchery of women and children means war, let it come. If to defend the honest daughters of brave patriots means any insult to Spain and means war, in the name of God, let it come, and let it come quickly. Liberty prevails not for the sake of Cuba, under the providence of God, shall be free."

MR. HOAR'S REPLY. Mr. Hoar, of Massachusetts, replied to Mr. Mason. He referred to the speech which had preceded his own, and said that he was not in a position to do so, notwithstanding, the power of international law would prevail. The only effect of recognition would be to give Spain the right to search our ships at sea, and to take away from American citizens in Cuba all hope of recompense for injury done them. He alluded sarcastically to Mr. Mason's "innocent and youthful ardor."

He expressed surprise that "all this great brass band of talk about outrages on women and children practiced at our doors" should be followed by "this squeaking morsel of a resolution." The Senator said that he was not in a position to do so, notwithstanding, the power of international law would prevail. The only effect of recognition would be to give Spain the right to search our ships at sea, and to take away from American citizens in Cuba all hope of recompense for injury done them. He alluded sarcastically to Mr. Mason's "innocent and youthful ardor."

There were present about 100 negroes when A. W. Harris, of Petersburg, as temporary chairman, rapped them to order. Prayer was offered by Rev. Z. D. Lewis, of this city, and a brief address of welcome was delivered by Rev. W. W. Browne, who spoke of the necessity for organization. Harris replied to the speech, and was then relieved from duty by the chair, Robert Cox, of Lynchburg, succeeding him.

THE PLAN OF ORGANIZATION.

A plan of organization was adopted. It provides for the election of a State chairman, a State executive committee, and a State committee of district chairmen and county committees. The powers of these various committees and chairmen are outlined, and other less important and minor provisions are made. Resolutions were appointed, and while they were engaged in drafting their documents, speeches were made by Revs. J. W. Kirby, of Ray, Holmes, and Lewis, and Oliver and Mann.

NO REPORT FROM CALHOUN.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—Nothing in the shape of a report has yet been received here from Mr. Calhoun, the special counsel for the government in the investigation of the Ruiz case at Habana, and nothing from General Lee, beyond a brief notice of the release and departure from the island of a naturalized American citizen. General Lee has informed the State Department that General Lee has been released, and sailed from Habana on the 14th instant. Cepero was a native Cuban, but was naturalized in the United States in 1881. He was arrested on a charge of aiding General Lee, and was removed to the civil courts, which have since released him.

NEGROES ORGANIZE.

A STATE PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION FORMED YESTERDAY.

MANY RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED.

Realizing That Every Tab Must Stand Upon Its Own Bottom, They Determine to Rely Upon Themselves for Their Race's Advancement.

In pursuance to a call extended from Washington about a week since, negro representatives from the ten congressional districts in this State assembled at True Reformers' Hall, on north Second street, yesterday at noon, and after a protracted session extending over the entire afternoon organized what will be known as the Negro Protective Association of Virginia.

A great number of speeches—some violent and others quite temperate—were made, and several very voluminous resolutions, covering almost every alleged grievance the negro race has, were adopted.

There were present about 100 negroes when A. W. Harris, of Petersburg, as temporary chairman, rapped them to order. Prayer was offered by Rev. Z. D. Lewis, of this city, and a brief address of welcome was delivered by Rev. W. W. Browne, who spoke of the necessity for organization. Harris replied to the speech, and was then relieved from duty by the chair, Robert Cox, of Lynchburg, succeeding him.

THE PLAN OF ORGANIZATION. A plan of organization was adopted. It provides for the election of a State chairman, a State executive committee, and a State committee of district chairmen and county committees. The powers of these various committees and chairmen are outlined, and other less important and minor provisions are made. Resolutions were appointed, and while they were engaged in drafting their documents, speeches were made by Revs. J. W. Kirby, of Ray, Holmes, and Lewis, and Oliver and Mann.

THE PLAN OF ORGANIZATION. A plan of organization was adopted. It provides for the election of a State chairman, a State executive committee, and a State committee of district chairmen and county committees. The powers of these various committees and chairmen are outlined, and other less important and minor provisions are made. Resolutions were appointed, and while they were engaged in drafting their documents, speeches were made by Revs. J. W. Kirby, of Ray, Holmes, and Lewis, and Oliver and Mann.

THE PLAN OF ORGANIZATION. A plan of organization was adopted. It provides for the election of a State chairman, a State executive committee, and a State committee of district chairmen and county committees. The powers of these various committees and chairmen are outlined, and other less important and minor provisions are made. Resolutions were appointed, and while they were engaged in drafting their documents, speeches were made by Revs. J. W. Kirby, of Ray, Holmes, and Lewis, and Oliver and Mann.

THE PLAN OF ORGANIZATION. A plan of organization was adopted. It provides for the election of a State chairman, a State executive committee, and a State committee of district chairmen and county committees. The powers of these various committees and chairmen are outlined, and other less important and minor provisions are made. Resolutions were appointed, and while they were engaged in drafting their documents, speeches were made by Revs. J. W. Kirby, of Ray, Holmes, and Lewis, and Oliver and Mann.

THE PLAN OF ORGANIZATION. A plan of organization was adopted. It provides for the election of a State chairman, a State executive committee, and a State committee of district chairmen and county committees. The powers of these various committees and chairmen are outlined, and other less important and minor provisions are made. Resolutions were appointed, and while they were engaged in drafting their documents, speeches were made by Revs. J. W. Kirby, of Ray, Holmes, and Lewis, and Oliver and Mann.

THE PLAN OF ORGANIZATION. A plan of organization was adopted. It provides for the election of a State chairman, a State executive committee, and a State committee of district chairmen and county committees. The powers of these various committees and chairmen are outlined, and other less important and minor provisions are made. Resolutions were appointed, and while they were engaged in drafting their documents, speeches were made by Revs. J. W. Kirby, of Ray, Holmes, and Lewis, and Oliver and Mann.

THE PLAN OF ORGANIZATION. A plan of organization was adopted. It provides for the election of a State chairman, a State executive committee, and a State committee of district chairmen and county committees. The powers of these various committees and chairmen are outlined, and other less important and minor provisions are made. Resolutions were appointed, and while they were engaged in drafting their documents, speeches were made by Revs. J. W. Kirby, of Ray, Holmes, and Lewis, and Oliver and Mann.

THE PLAN OF ORGANIZATION. A plan of organization was adopted. It provides for the election of a State chairman, a State executive committee, and a State committee of district chairmen and county committees. The powers of these various committees and chairmen are outlined, and other less important and minor provisions are made. Resolutions were appointed, and while they were engaged in drafting their documents, speeches were made by Revs. J. W. Kirby, of Ray, Holmes, and Lewis, and Oliver and Mann.

THE PLAN OF ORGANIZATION. A plan of organization was adopted. It provides for the election of a State chairman, a State executive committee, and a State committee of district chairmen and county committees. The powers of these various committees and chairmen are outlined, and other less important and minor provisions are made. Resolutions were appointed, and while they were engaged in drafting their documents, speeches were made by Revs. J. W. Kirby, of Ray, Holmes, and Lewis, and Oliver and Mann.

THE PLAN OF ORGANIZATION. A plan of organization was adopted. It provides for the election of a State chairman, a State executive committee, and a State committee of district chairmen and county committees. The powers of these various committees and chairmen are outlined, and other less important and minor provisions are made. Resolutions were appointed, and while they were engaged in drafting their documents, speeches were made by Revs. J. W. Kirby, of Ray, Holmes, and Lewis, and Oliver and Mann.

THE PLAN OF ORGANIZATION. A plan of organization was adopted. It provides for the election of a State chairman, a State executive committee, and a State committee of district chairmen and county committees. The powers of these various committees and chairmen are outlined, and other less important and minor provisions are made. Resolutions were appointed, and while they were engaged in drafting their documents, speeches were made by Revs. J. W. Kirby, of Ray, Holmes, and Lewis, and Oliver and Mann.

THE PLAN OF ORGANIZATION. A plan of organization was adopted. It provides for the election of a State chairman, a State executive committee, and a State committee of district chairmen and county committees. The powers of these various committees and chairmen are outlined, and other less important and minor provisions are made. Resolutions were appointed, and while they were engaged in drafting their documents, speeches were made by Revs. J. W. Kirby, of Ray, Holmes, and Lewis, and Oliver and Mann.

THE PLAN OF ORGANIZATION. A plan of organization was adopted. It provides for the election of a State chairman, a State executive committee, and a State committee of district chairmen and county committees. The powers of these various committees and chairmen are outlined, and other less important and minor provisions are made. Resolutions were appointed, and while they were engaged in drafting their documents, speeches were made by Revs. J. W. Kirby, of Ray, Holmes, and Lewis, and Oliver and Mann.

THE PLAN OF ORGANIZATION. A plan of organization was adopted. It provides for the election of a State chairman, a State executive committee, and a State committee of district chairmen and county committees. The powers of these various committees and chairmen are outlined, and other less important and minor provisions are made. Resolutions were appointed, and while they were engaged in drafting their documents, speeches were made by Revs. J. W. Kirby, of Ray, Holmes, and Lewis, and Oliver and Mann.

THE PLAN OF ORGANIZATION. A plan of organization was adopted. It provides for the election of a State chairman, a State executive committee, and a State committee of district chairmen and county committees. The powers of these various committees and chairmen are outlined, and other less important and minor provisions are made. Resolutions were appointed, and while they were engaged in drafting their documents, speeches were made by Revs. J. W. Kirby, of Ray, Holmes, and Lewis, and Oliver and Mann.

THE PLAN OF ORGANIZATION. A plan of organization was adopted. It provides for the election of a State chairman, a State executive committee, and a State committee of district chairmen and county committees. The powers of these various committees and chairmen are outlined, and other less important and minor provisions are made. Resolutions were appointed, and while they were engaged in drafting their documents, speeches were made by Revs. J. W. Kirby, of Ray, Holmes, and Lewis, and Oliver and Mann.

THE PLAN OF ORGANIZATION. A plan of organization was adopted. It provides for the election of a State chairman, a State executive committee, and a State committee of district chairmen and county committees. The powers of these various committees and chairmen are outlined, and other less important and minor provisions are made. Resolutions were appointed, and while they were engaged in drafting their documents, speeches were made by Revs. J. W. Kirby, of Ray, Holmes, and Lewis, and Oliver and Mann.

THE PLAN OF ORGANIZATION. A plan of organization was adopted. It provides for the election of a State chairman, a State executive committee, and a State committee of district chairmen and county committees. The powers of these various committees and chairmen are outlined, and other less important and minor provisions are made. Resolutions were appointed, and while they were engaged in drafting their documents, speeches were made by Revs. J. W. Kirby, of Ray, Holmes, and Lewis, and Oliver and Mann.

THE PLAN OF ORGANIZATION. A plan of organization was adopted. It provides for the election of a State chairman, a State executive committee, and a State committee of district chairmen and county committees. The powers of these various committees and chairmen are outlined, and other less important and minor provisions are made. Resolutions were appointed, and while they were engaged in drafting their documents, speeches were made by Revs. J. W. Kirby, of Ray, Holmes, and Lewis, and Oliver and Mann.

THE PLAN OF ORGANIZATION. A plan of organization was adopted. It provides for the election of a State chairman, a State executive committee, and a State committee of district chairmen and county committees. The powers of these various committees and chairmen are outlined, and other less important and minor provisions are made. Resolutions were appointed, and while they were engaged in drafting their documents, speeches were made by Revs. J. W. Kirby, of Ray, Holmes, and Lewis, and Oliver and Mann.

THE PLAN OF ORGANIZATION. A plan of organization was adopted. It provides for the election of a State chairman, a State executive committee, and a State committee of district chairmen and county committees. The powers of these various committees and chairmen are outlined, and other less important and minor provisions are made. Resolutions were appointed, and while they were engaged in drafting their documents, speeches were made by Revs. J. W. Kirby, of Ray, Holmes, and Lewis, and Oliver and Mann.

THE PLAN OF ORGANIZATION. A plan of organization was adopted. It provides for the election of a State chairman, a State executive committee, and a State committee of district chairmen and county committees. The powers of these various committees and chairmen are outlined, and other less important and minor provisions are made. Resolutions were appointed, and while they were engaged in drafting their documents, speeches were made by Revs. J. W. Kirby, of Ray, Holmes, and Lewis, and Oliver and Mann.

THE PLAN OF ORGANIZATION. A plan of organization was adopted. It provides for the election of a State chairman, a State executive committee, and a State committee of district chairmen and county committees. The powers of these various committees and chairmen are outlined, and other less important and minor provisions are made. Resolutions were appointed, and while they were engaged in drafting their documents, speeches were made by Revs. J. W. Kirby, of Ray, Holmes, and Lewis, and Oliver and Mann.

THE PLAN OF ORGANIZATION. A plan of organization was adopted. It provides for the election of a State chairman, a State executive committee, and a State committee of district chairmen and county committees. The powers of these various committees and chairmen are outlined, and other less important and minor provisions are made. Resolutions were appointed, and while they were engaged in drafting their documents, speeches were made by Revs. J. W. Kirby, of Ray, Holmes, and Lewis, and Oliver and Mann.

THE PLAN OF ORGANIZATION. A plan of organization was adopted. It provides for the election of a State chairman, a State executive committee, and a State committee of district chairmen and county committees. The powers of these various committees and chairmen are outlined, and other less important and minor provisions are made. Resolutions were appointed, and while they were engaged in drafting their documents, speeches were made by Revs. J. W. Kirby, of Ray, Holmes, and Lewis, and Oliver and Mann.

THE PLAN OF ORGANIZATION. A plan of organization was adopted. It provides for the election of a State chairman, a State executive committee, and a State committee of district chairmen and county committees. The powers of these various committees and chairmen are outlined, and other less important and minor provisions are made. Resolutions were appointed, and while they were engaged in drafting their documents, speeches were made by Revs. J. W. Kirby, of Ray, Holmes, and Lewis, and Oliver and Mann.

THE PLAN OF ORGANIZATION. A plan of organization was adopted. It provides for the election of a State chairman, a State executive committee, and a State committee of district chairmen and county committees. The powers of these various committees and chairmen are outlined, and other less important and minor provisions are made. Resolutions were appointed, and while they were engaged in drafting their documents, speeches were made by Revs. J. W. Kirby, of Ray, Holmes, and Lewis, and Oliver and Mann.

THE PLAN OF ORGANIZATION. A plan of organization was adopted. It provides for the election of a State chairman, a State executive committee, and a State committee of district chairmen and county committees. The powers of these various committees and chairmen are outlined, and other less important and minor provisions are made. Resolutions were appointed, and while they were engaged in drafting their documents, speeches were made by Revs. J. W. Kirby, of Ray, Holmes, and Lewis, and Oliver and Mann.

THE PLAN OF ORGANIZATION. A plan of organization was adopted. It provides for the election of a State chairman, a State executive committee, and a State committee of district chairmen and county committees. The powers of these various committees and chairmen are outlined, and other less important and minor provisions are made. Resolutions were appointed, and while they were engaged in drafting their documents, speeches were made by Revs. J. W. Kirby, of Ray, Holmes, and Lewis, and Oliver and Mann.

THE PLAN OF ORGANIZATION. A plan of organization was adopted. It provides for the election of a State chairman, a State executive committee, and a State committee of district chairmen and county committees. The powers of these various committees and chairmen are outlined, and other less important and minor provisions are made. Resolutions were appointed, and while they were engaged in drafting their documents, speeches were made by Revs. J. W. Kirby, of Ray, Holmes, and Lewis, and Oliver and Mann.

THE PLAN OF ORGANIZATION. A plan of organization was adopted. It provides for the election of a State chairman, a State executive committee, and a State committee of district chairmen and county committees. The powers of these various committees and chairmen are outlined, and other less important and minor provisions are made. Resolutions were appointed, and while they were engaged in drafting their documents, speeches were made by Revs. J. W. Kirby, of Ray, Holmes, and Lewis, and Oliver and Mann.

THE PLAN OF ORGANIZATION. A plan of organization was adopted. It provides for the election of a State chairman, a State executive committee, and a State committee of district chairmen and county committees. The powers of these various committees and chairmen are outlined, and other less important and minor provisions are made. Resolutions were appointed, and while they were engaged in drafting their documents, speeches were made by Revs. J. W. Kirby, of Ray, Holmes, and Lewis, and Oliver and Mann.

THE PLAN OF ORGANIZATION. A plan of organization was adopted. It provides for the election of a State chairman, a State executive committee, and a State committee of district chairmen and county committees. The powers of these various committees and chairmen are outlined, and other less important and minor provisions are made. Resolutions were appointed, and while they were engaged in drafting their documents, speeches were made by Revs. J. W. Kirby, of Ray, Holmes, and Lewis, and Oliver and Mann.

THE PLAN OF ORGANIZATION. A plan of organization was adopted. It provides for the election of a State chairman, a State executive committee, and a State committee of district chairmen and county committees. The powers of these various committees and chairmen are outlined, and other less important and minor provisions are made. Resolutions were appointed, and while they were engaged in drafting their documents, speeches were made by Revs. J. W. Kirby, of Ray, Holmes, and Lewis, and Oliver and Mann.

THE PLAN OF ORGANIZATION. A plan of organization was adopted. It provides for the election of a State chairman, a State executive committee, and a State committee of district chairmen and county committees. The powers of these various committees and chairmen are outlined, and other less important and minor provisions are made. Resolutions were appointed, and while they were engaged in drafting their documents, speeches were made by Revs. J. W. Kirby, of Ray, Holmes, and Lewis, and Oliver and Mann.

THE PLAN OF ORGANIZATION. A plan of organization was adopted. It provides for the election of a State chairman, a State executive committee, and a State committee of district chairmen and county committees. The powers of these various committees and chairmen are outlined, and other less important and minor provisions are made. Resolutions were appointed, and while they were engaged in drafting their documents, speeches were made by Revs. J. W. Kirby, of Ray, Holmes, and Lewis, and Oliver and Mann.

THE PLAN OF ORGANIZATION. A plan of organization was adopted. It provides for the election of a State chairman, a State executive committee, and a State committee of district chairmen and county committees. The powers of these various committees and chairmen are outlined, and other less important and minor provisions are made. Resolutions were appointed, and while they were engaged in drafting their documents, speeches were made by Revs. J. W. Kirby, of Ray, Holmes, and Lewis, and Oliver and Mann.

THE PLAN OF ORGANIZATION. A plan of organization was adopted. It provides for the election of a State chairman, a State executive committee, and a State committee of district chairmen and county committees. The powers of these various committees and chairmen are outlined, and other less important and minor provisions are made. Resolutions were appointed, and while they were engaged in drafting their documents, speeches were made by Revs. J. W. Kirby, of Ray, Holmes, and Lewis, and Oliver and Mann.

NEGROES ORGANIZE.

A STATE PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION FORMED YESTERDAY.

MANY RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED.

Realizing That Every Tab Must Stand Upon Its Own Bottom, They Determine to Rely Upon Themselves for Their Race's Advancement.

In pursuance to a call extended from Washington about a week since, negro representatives from the ten congressional districts in this State assembled at True Reformers' Hall, on north Second street, yesterday at noon, and after a protracted session extending over the entire afternoon organized what will be known as the Negro Protective Association of Virginia.

A great number of speeches—some violent and others quite temperate—were made, and several very voluminous resolutions, covering almost every alleged grievance the negro race has, were adopted.

There were present about 100 negroes when A. W. Harris, of Petersburg, as temporary chairman, rapped them to order. Prayer was offered by Rev. Z. D. Lewis, of this city, and a brief address of welcome was delivered by Rev. W. W. Browne, who spoke of the necessity for organization. Harris replied to the speech, and was then relieved from duty by the chair, Robert Cox, of Lynchburg, succeeding him.

THE PLAN OF ORGANIZATION. A plan of organization was adopted. It provides for the election of a State chairman, a State executive committee, and a State committee of district chairmen and county committees. The powers of these various committees and chairmen are outlined, and other less important and minor provisions are made. Resolutions were appointed, and while they were engaged in drafting their documents, speeches were made by Revs. J. W. Kirby, of Ray, Holmes, and Lewis, and Oliver and Mann.

THE PLAN OF ORGANIZATION. A plan of organization was adopted. It provides for the election of a State chairman, a State executive committee, and a State committee of district chairmen and county committees. The powers of these various committees and chairmen are outlined, and other less important and minor provisions are made. Resolutions were appointed, and while they were engaged in drafting their documents, speeches were made by Revs. J. W. Kirby, of Ray, Holmes, and Lewis, and Oliver and Mann.

THE PLAN OF ORGANIZATION. A plan of organization was adopted. It provides for the election of a State chairman, a State executive committee, and a State committee of district chairmen and county committees. The powers of these various committees and